

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA
CHARLOTTE DIVISION
CASE NO. 3:23-CV-00797-FDW-DCK**

SAVANNAH HUCKS,

Plaintiff,

v.

WELLPATH, LLC, ET AL.,

Defendants.

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ORDER

THIS MATTER is before the Court on Defendant Mecklenburg County’s Motion to Dismiss, (Doc. No. 47), Defendants Crystal Ballard and Wellpath, LLC’s Motion to Dismiss, (Doc. No. 51), Defendants L. Brown, Garry L. McFadden, and Unique Philips’s Motion to Dismiss, (Doc. No. 54), and the Magistrate Judge’s Memorandum and Recommendation (“M&R”), (Doc. No. 67), recommending that this Court administratively deny without prejudice Defendants’ Motions to Dismiss. The parties have not filed objections to the M&R and the time for doing so has expired. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(2).

II. STANDARD OF REVIEW

A district court may assign dispositive pretrial matters, including motions to dismiss, to a magistrate judge for “proposed findings of fact and recommendations.” 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A) & (B). The Federal Magistrate Act provides that a district court “shall make a de novo determination of those portions of the report or specified proposed findings or recommendations to which objection is made.” *Id.* § 636(b)(1)(C); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3). However, “when objections to strictly legal issues are raised and no factual issues are challenged, de novo review of the record may be dispensed with.” *Orpiano v. Johnson*, 687 F.2d 44, 47 (4th Cir. 1982).

De novo review is also not required “when a party makes general and conclusory objections that do not direct the court to a specific error in the magistrate’s proposed findings and recommendations.” Id. Similarly, when no objection is filed, “a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must ‘only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation.’” Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72, advisory committee note).

III. DISCUSSION

Under Rule 72(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, a district court judge shall make a de novo determination of any portion of an M&R to which specific written objection has been made. No objection to the M&R having been filed, and the time for doing so having passed, the parties have waived their right to de novo review of any issue covered in the M&R. Nevertheless, this Court has conducted a full review of the M&R and other documents of record, and having done so, hereby finds that the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge is, in all respects, in accordance with the law and should be approved. Accordingly, the Court **ADOPTS** the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge as its own.

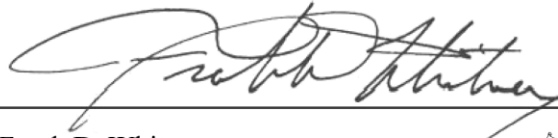
IV. CONCLUSION

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

1. The Magistrate Judge’s M&R, (Doc. No. 67), is **ADOPTED**; and
2. Defendants’ Motions to Dismiss, (Doc. Nos. 47, 51, 54), are **administratively DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Signed: March 12, 2025

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Frank D. Whitney", written over a horizontal line.

Frank D. Whitney
Senior United States District Judge

